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Modem Management

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Modems

⌘ fundamentally similar to terminals

- ☒ recall `ttySn (cuann)`
 - ☒ *devices for direct connected serial terminals/modem lines*
 - ☒ *cuann devices practically obsolete*
- ☒ we'll look at simple dial-out and dial-in configuration
 - ☒ *leave PPP for later...*
 - ☒ *also assume that physical connection is OK...*

Simple Dial-Out Usage

⌘ typically via programs such as cu, tip, kermite or (for Linux) minicom

⏏ need to ensure that /dev/ttySn device allows an arbitrary user to use the device

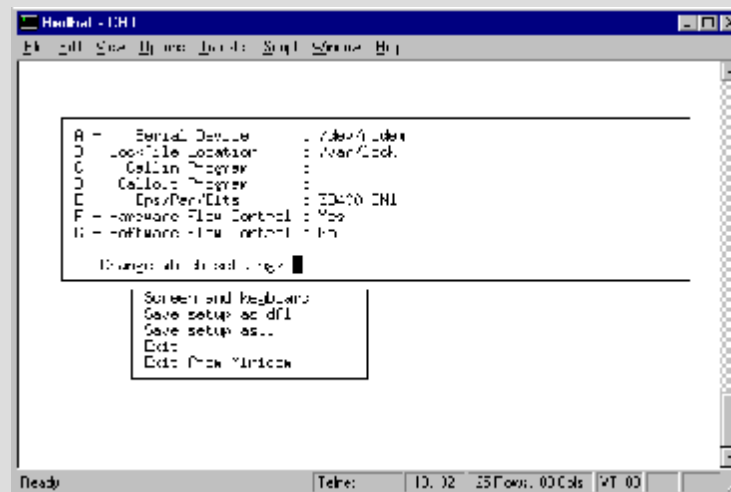
```
# chmod o+rw /dev/ttyS0
```

⏏ for users, dialing out is very similar to using DOS Telix...

⏏ if using Linux minicom, root should configure /etc/minirc.dfl before any users attempt to dial-out

```
# minicom -s
```

⏏ should also ensure that authorized dial-out users are listed in /etc/minicom.users



Dial-In Configuration

⌘ can (and under linux, normally do) setup the same device for dial-in as well as dial-out

☒ main difference: the need to have a getty running on the line to handle logins

☒ *the special version called uugetty is often recommended for this*

- almost the same as normal getty BUT it handles uucp-style device locking so that only one process should be able to use the line at any one time

☒ may also need to set serial device characteristics

☒ *typically, the getty application will do this as a result of reading /etc/gettydefs*

☒ *if not:*

- put a call to /bin/setserial in the /etc/rc.d/rc.serial file
 - to handle high speed modems (standard Unix considers ≥ 2400 bps to be "high speed")
- may also need to turn on hardware handshaking

```
/bin/setserial /dev/ttyS0 spd_vhi
/bin/stty crtscts < /dev/ttyS0
```


More About getty

⌘ getty also looks for the file */etc/conf.getty.line*, (or */etc/conf.getty* if this cannot be found), and initializes *line* according to its contents

```
# uugetty configuration file for a Hayes compatible modem to allow incoming modem connections
#
# this config file sets up uugetty to use the RINGBACK feature for answering calls.

# ringback enable. The defaults are trusted here (and are pretty sane).
# first, one to three rings, then hangup and call back within 6 and 60 seconds.
RINGBACK=YES

# line to use to do initialization. All INIT, OFF, and WAITFOR functions
# are handled on this line. If this line is not specified, any other
# program that wants to share the line (like kermit, uucp, seyon) will
# fail. This line will also be checked for lockfiles.
#
# format: <line> (without the /dev/)
INITLINE=cua2

# timeout to disconnect if idle...
TIMEOUT=60

# modem initialization string... Sets the modem not to auto-answer
#
# format: <expect> <send> ... (chat sequence)
INIT="" \d+++ \dAT\r OK\r\n ATH0\r OK\r\n AT\sM0\sE1\sQ0\sV1\sX4\sS0=0\r OK\r\n

# waitfor string... if this sequence of characters is received over the line, a call is detected.
WAITFOR=RING

# this line is the connect chat sequence. This chat sequence is performed
# after the WAITFOR string is found. The \A character automatically sets
# the baudrate to the characters that are found, so if you get the message
# CONNECT 2400, the baud rate is set to 2400 baud.
#
# format: <expect> <send> ... (chat sequence)
CONNECT="" ATA\r CONNECT\s\A

# this line sets the time to delay before sending the login banner
DELAY=1
```